The Columbian.

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The Columbian

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HENRY L. DIEFFENBACH,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Prothonotary, &c.—RUDOLPH H. RINGLER.
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District Attorney—E. R. IKELER.
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Surveyor—ISAAC DEWITT.
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Commissioners—WILLIAM G. QUICK, CYRUS ROBBINS, HIRAM J. REEDER.
Commissioners' Clerk—WILLIAM KRICKBAUM.
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Coroner—JOHN D. HOUCK.
Jury Commissioners—ISAAC MCBRIDE, JOHN MCANALL.
County Superintendent—CHARLES G. BARKLEY

Bloom Poor District—Directors, S. H. M ER WILLIAM KRAMER, Bloomsburg, and JOHNSON IKELER, Greenwood, CHARLES CONNER, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Co.—JOHN A. FUNSTON President, H. H. GROTZ, Cashier.
First National Bank—CHAS. R. PAXTON, Pres't, J. P. TUSTIN, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. LITTLE, Pres't., C. W. MILLER Sec'y.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—JOHN THOMAS, Pres't., J. B. ROBISON, Sec.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. BROWER, President, M. WHITMOYER, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Directory.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

JACOB METZ, dealer in stoves and tinware Main street, above court house.

CLOTHING, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., 2d door above American House.

WM. MORRIS, Merchant Tailor corner of Centre and Main sts., over Miller's store.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

E. P. LUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary. Main st. below the Post Office.

MOYER BROS., Druggists and Apothecaries, Brower's block Main st.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

HENRY ZUPPINGER, Watches, Spectacles & Jewelry &c., Main Street near West st.

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American House.

LOUIS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker near southeast corner Main and Iron sts.

R. CATHCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market street, below Main.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market Streets, in the old Post Office.

DAVID BETZ, Boot and Shoemaker, Main st. below Hartman's store, west of Market.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, East Bloomsburg.

C. M. BROWN, Boot and Shoemaker, Main street, under Brown's Hotel.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office over the First National Bank.

DR. B. F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.—Teeth extracted without pain: Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel."

J. B. MCKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician north side Main st., below Market.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, south side Main street, below Market.

J. C. RUTTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Market street, above Main.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main street.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

E. PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st,

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ranney building Main street.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

MRS. E. KLINE, Millinery and Fancy Goods Main street below Market.

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Cloaks and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main and West sts.

THE MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below American House.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

FORKS HOTEL, by T. Bent. Taylor, east end of Main street.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

C. C. MARR, Dry Goods and Notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts.

D. A. BECKLEY, Boot and Shoe store, books & stationery, Main st., below Market.

F. JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc., Main st., below Iron

FOX & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provision, &c., Main and Iron Streets.

M'KELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, etc., N. E. cor. Main and Market sts.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, Notions, etc., Main st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSTABLES BLANKS for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness-maker, Shive's Block Main Street.

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts.

E. J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, rear of American House.

R. H. RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at G. W. Corell's furniture rooms

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

WM. RABB, dealer in furniture, trunks, cedar willow ware, near the Forks Hotel.

C. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and Fancy Tanner, Scottown.

E. B. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod.

NOTE BOOKS, and blank NOTES, with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Light Street.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

Espy.

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main Street opposite the Steam Mill.

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufacturing.

Orangeville Directory.

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine.

BOWER & HERRING, dealers in Dry Goods Groceries, Lumber and general Merchandise Main st.

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Robt M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon Main st., next door to Good's Hotel.

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker. Main St., below Pine.

SCHUYLER & CO., Iron founders, Machinists and Manufacturers of plows, Mill St.

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle. Main St.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine

Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St. B. Robbins' Building.

D. R. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main.

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street

J. B. KISTLER, "Catawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets.

L. KEILER, Billiard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbander Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Streets.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St.

Buck Horn.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise. First store in south end of town.

Philadelphia Directory.

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, JR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NO. 128 SOUTH SIXTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA
jan. 171—1y

J. M. KEPHEART,
WITH
BARNES, BRO. & HERRON,
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS & FURS,
No. 503 Market Street,
(Above Fifth.)
PHILADELPHIA.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.
☞ Orders will receive prompt attention. may 10,67-tf.

Business Cards.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞ OFFICE—Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan4,'67.

A. L. TURNER
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE over Lutz's Drug Store, Residence Market Street, 1st door below Rev. D. J. Waller. dec6'70

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.20'67

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Main Street below the Court House. Bloomsburg Penn'a.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

VETERINARY.
AUGUST FRIEND,
late from Germany, offers his services to the public as a celebrated
HORSE AND COW DOCTOR,
and all other animals, for which his charges are moderate. He can always be found east side of Berwick road, near S. H. Jacoby's Marble Yard. Bloomsburg, May 12, 1871-1y.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment. mar.5,'69-tf Main St. below Market.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
CLARK M. BROWN,
MAIN STREET, UNDER BROWN'S HOTEL.
A full and complete assortment of ready made boots and shoes for men, women and children just received and for sale at reasonable rates. Varieties to suit all classes of customers. The best of work done at short notice, as heretofore. Give him a call. Jan '71.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.
ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,
Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's Store.
A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.
Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A call is requested.
Jan 1'71

NEW COAL YARD.
THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and Columbia county, that they keep all the different numbers of stove coal and selected lump coal for smithing purposes, on their wharf, adjoining M'Kelvy, Neal & Co's Furnace; with a good pair of Buffalo scales on the wharf, to weigh coal, hay, and straw Likewise a horse and wagon, to deliver coal to those who desire it. As they purchase a large amount of coal, they intend to keep a superior article, and sell at the very lowest prices. Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere. J. W. HENDERSHOT,
AUGUSTUS MASON.

THE undersigned will take in exchange for Coal and Groceries, the following named articles:—Wheat, Rye, Potatoes, Lard, Ham, Shoulder, and side meat, Butter Eggs, Hay, &c., at the highest cash prices, at his Grocery store, adjoining their coal yard,
J. W. HENDERSHOT.
Bloomsburg May 19,'69-1y.

RARE CHANCE.
FOR SALE—A second-hand "Arion" piano-forte, price $275, cost $500. This superior instrument was bought at an auction sale of private property in New York, and had been but a few weeks in use. It is in perfect order and in every respect equal to a new piano. Terms possitively cash in advance. Address for one week
C. W. FOSTER,
may 26'71—tf Mauch Chunk, Pa.

CURLING CREAM.
By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. This is the only article that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give to it a beautiful appearance. It also invigorates, beautifies and cleanses. It can be so applied as to cause the hair to curl any length of time desired. Sent by mail for 50 cts. a package. Address
ABNER TOWNSLEY,
Middletown, Adams Co., Pa.
sept1'71-6m.

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
ETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,
POSTERS,
&C., &C.
Neatly and Cheaply Printed
From the Latest Styles of Type at the
COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Poetical.

For the Columbian.

Lines,

BY TILLIE LAUBACH.

I am sad to-night, Guardian Angle,
Though the moon is shinning bright,
And the stars rae glittering in azure,
And viewing their robes of light.
Yet I'm lonely to-night, Guardian Angle,
And my cheeks are pallid and wan;
And my heart is swollen and aching,
And sleep from my pillow has flown.

Go, go my Guardian Angle,
Go search the world over for me,
Search well each cottage and palace,
And tell me it all are happy,—
Now tell me, am I alone weeping?
Is no other eyes dimed with tears?
Is no other heart torn and bleeding?
No other breast shaken by fears?

O, what are you asking my darling?
This world is a dessert of tears,
Each cottage as well as each palace,
Is haunted by sorrow and fears,
And you are not alone weeping,
And indeed you never can be,
For tears from the eyes of mortals
Are flowing continually.

But God has prepared them a city,
And therefore he is not ashamed,
For the balm of gild will brighten
The eyes now with weeping inflamed
And grief, nor fear cannot enter,
That city is all joy and bliss;
Then be striving to gain it my darling,
O set not your heart upon this.

What Happened That Night.

BY TILLIE LAUBACH.

'Twas a beautiful night
When the stars shone bright
And the silver basin
Was radiant with light,
And the earth was enameled
With the purest white.

Aye 'twas a beautiful night
And my spirits were light
When I met a figure
All robed in pure white.
The tale—Oh! you must guess
What happened that night.

Miscellaneous.

BEHIND THE CURTAIN.

CHAPTER I.

There was a ring at the door bell. Miss Roberts gathered up her work in her wide, white apron, flew with two or three fleet footsteps to the hall, and peeped over the balustrade

"It's only a letter, Ann. I'll go for it."

Whereupon Ann McGoughlin, housemaid, chambermaid, and, as Jimmy Roberts declared, "chief cook and bottle washer," in the small establishment of the Robbertsos, took herself back to her window-washing with a good natured growl at that "botherin' postman," and Miss Roberts proceeded leisurely down the stairs to pick up the letter, which she had seen nicely tucked in under the old-fashioned door.

Miss Roberts had few correspondents, so she looked at this unfamiliar handwriting a little doubtfully, as if, notwithstanding the name,

"MISS ELEANOR ROBERTS,"

in unmistakable characters, there might be some other Eleanor Roberts who was the rightful claimant. But a glance at the postmark—that of a large county town about fifty miles from the city—appeared to settle her doubts, and at the same time to startle her not a little. She is no less surprised when she opens the letter and reads the following:

MY DEAR ELEANOR: I hope you have not forgotten your Uncle John's wife—Aunt Polly, as you used to call her. But I hope you *have* forgotten, my dear, the miserable old quarrel which has kept our families so long apart; or at least, if you have not forgotten it, that you are willing to bury it fathoms deep out of sight and out of mind, and come and eat your Christmas turkey with us. Not only you, my dear Eleanor, but Ally and Jimmy. Bring them both with you, and let us begin the New Year together in love and peace. Uncle John joins with me in this invitation, and in this hearty desire to make amends for the past. Don't fail us, but write what day we may expect you. Be sure and take the mid-day train, however, for we are country folks, you know, and the carriage side from town to the old homestead would be dreary later in the day. The children send their love, and I am —Your affectionate AUNT POLLY.

Eleanor Roberts sat long with this letter in her hand after she had read it. Her thoughts went back to that "miserable old quarrel"—to the time when her father and mother were both living; when, in spite of some care and caution, she had heard, as a child, a great deal of bitter talk, which had given her young mind its first prejudice. And then later, when her mother had confided to her the main points of the quarrel—points that were now rather confused in her mind—an odd jumbling of old deeds, and land claims, and accusations on one side and the other of unfair dealings and all manner of falsehood and injustice. If Eleanor, at ten and at twenty years of age, had espoused with the unquestioning ardor and belief of youth her parents' side, at thirty she began to see things more by the light of her own reason. She bethought herself no that her father, impetuous and extravagant as he was, might have possibly been as much in error as his brother. Her mother she well knew, in her great pride and her great but unreasoning love, not only echoed her husband's prejudice, but went beyond them in her partisanship. Beyond the grave in one sense, for she rejected every overture of reconciliation after her husband's sudden death, and carried her implacable resentment all through her own life. Eleanor thought of these things as she sat there with Aunt Polly's genial letter in her hands —this letter that again offered the palm of peace. To reject it would be unchristian and ungrateful. Eleanor could be neither. In her thirty years she had lost and suffered much, but she had not grown hard or bitter—only chastened and clear-sighted and tolerant. The letter, with its invitation, seemed a Godsent to this good Eleanor. It came when she was feeling particularly lonely and desolate—when she was longing for sympathy and companionship. It came, too, and opened a way to her out of a great perplexity and anxiety. And at this crisis of her thought, the door-bell rang again; but Eleanor was too preoccupied, too absorbed to take much heed of it. Presently, however, Ann McGoughlin thrust in her head with the words:

"It's Mr. Godfrey, ma'am,"

Eleanor slipped the letter into her pocket, and went down at once. Mr. Godfrey—Frank Godfrey, as they all called him, was a great friend of the Robertses, though latterly the neighbors were beginning to say that it was not all friendship—not merely the old friendship for Captain Roberts that sent him there so frequently, but young and pretty Ally. This seemed very reasonable, but pretty Ally certainly had no such suspicion. She thought it quite the most natural thing in the world that Frank Godfrey, who was that brother Dick's most intimate friend—who was with him as brother officer all through his last campaign, should now continue to be the most intimate friend of his dead comrade's family—should, indeed, strive to supply in a measure a brother's place to them. Eleanor, in fact, appeared to look upon him quite as a brother. She consulted him in all her perplexities great and small, from Jimmy's delinquencies, to Alice's—"pretty Ally's"—broken engagement. This last was Eleanor's greatest perplexity, her greatest anxiety now. It had seemed such a happy prospect for Alice to marry that fine fellow, Alec Warde. Such a happy prospect to know that Alice would be sure of such a home as Alice would give her—for this Alec Warde was a prosperous man, a young merchant with an honorable name and a large business connection. Yes, it had been a very fine prospect for Alice Roberts, who had neither father nor mother, and only the slenderest income. People used to say that it was hard work for the Robertses to make both ends meet, and for once "people" were right. It *was* hard work; only Eleanor knew just *how* hard—Eleanor, who managed for them all. For a little while one great care had been lifted from this brave, patient girl's life. That care was Alice's future—Alice, who was young and pretty, with her father's wilfulness and impetuousity, and her mother's pride. And now here was the worry back again, with an added anxiety for Ally's fading cheeks and hollow eyes. But suddenly a light had shone in upon her as she read Aunt Polly's letter. Here was a possible help. She went down to Frank Godfrey with this new light shining upon her face.

"You look as if you had some good news," cried honest Frank, coming forward to greet her.

"I have. Sit down and let me tell you about it." Frank sat down and she told him, for the first time, all about that miserable old quarrel and Aunt Polly's letter, which had just come like a good angel. "Isn't it just the thing for Alice—just the change for her?" Eleanor asked brightly.

"Well, yes, I should say it was, and for you too, Eleanor. I believe this affair of Alice's has won you quite as much as it has her. You've looked like a ghost all along. But say, Eleanor, what do you think of my going down to the Elms with you, eh?"

She looked a little surprised.

"Why, it would be very pleasant for us all—but——"

"But being a stranger and uninvited, you think the proposition very unseemly. Why, Eleanor, I know Tom Roberts as well as I do you know me, and better. He is the junior partner in a firm we constantly have dealings with—a right fellow; and I have a standing invitation to go down to his father's place, just out of Exham. Every time I see him, he says: 'When are you coming down to the Elms?' And last week he insisted on my visiting there during the holidays. *Now* what do you say, Miss Eleanor?"

"Say? why, that I am very glad, of course—but how strange that we never——"

"Knew of my acquaintance with your cousin? Not at all. It would have been stranger if you had. I had just enough knowledge of the Roberts feud to suppose that it would be a great want of tact to mention one to the other. I looked up this feud as an inheritance. Don't you see?"

"Yes, I see," answered Eleanor sadly, remembering how a little while ago this view would have been a just one.

"But I am very glad that you feel as you do about it, Eleanor, very glad, and I think with you that the change will be the best thing in the world for Alice. Did you ever discover her—her reason, you know, for breaking with Warde? Don't tell me unless you think best, and don't think I ask too much. It isn't idle curiosity. I have an idea." Good old fellow! he was always having an "idea" which he was poring over for somebody's benefit. "Well, yes," answered Eleanor, "I had a long talk with Alice himself the other day. I met him at his Cousin Ann's, and we fell to talking about Alice at once. And it is just as I supposed—Alice's pride and wilfulness in a great measure. Alec, you know, had been intimate before his engagement at the Mason Howards—that gay family of pretty girls. Alice was always a little shy about it; I knew that at the first. Not jealous, but shy and sensitive, because they are fashionable girls 'in society,' as we say, and *you* know, Frank, as well as I, that Alice is not, because we can't afford it. You may know, too, that not long ago, when one of the girls—the eldest Miss Howard—was married, that Alec was very naturally a good deal there—at the reception and the parties. Alice had cards and invitations, but didn't care to go. She insisted upon Alec's going, however. But towards the last of it there was a very annoying accident. Alec came in late one evening after one of these receptions, and before he left, made some arrangement with Alice to go to Valzi's studio with him the next morning. There was the most unfortunate misunderstanding about it. He asked Alice to meet him, he says at eleven o'clock, at Moore's music-rooms, for he wouldn't have time to come away up here for her. Alice, it seems, understood him to say twelve o'clock. But going out quite early to do some shopping, she found herself at liberty by eleven, and so went into the music-rooms to wait and rest, as she supposed, an hour. You know how the rooms are situated—the front a warehouse, and the next for the trial of specimen pianos. Alice went in and seated herself by the register at the further end of the first room, close by the half open door communicating with the second. Sitting there, she heard Alec's voice in conversation with another voice—a young lady's. The conversation, interspersed with music, goes on perhaps half an hour, and then Alec comes out with her, and Alice sees that it is the youngest Miss Howard."

"By Jove!"

"Yes, you perceive at once how it looked to Alice with her misunderstanding of the hour, and the little previous feeling she had had about these Howards. You know it was reported once that Alec wanted to marry this very Miss Howard."

"Yes, I see—I see; it looked as if Warde had been playing a side game—playing fast and loose, indeed. Well, and Ally is jealous, of course, and there's a row."

"No, not exactly jealous. She was deeply offended. From her point of view she had been deceived and insulted by this kind of thing. And then she took the notion that he had all along loved this Miss Howard, and that if for no other reason, upon such a discovery, she could not and would not hold him."

"And Warde?"

"I think Alec, perhaps, was a little impatient with her. You see, it *was* guiltless. He told me that at the time he felt as if she believed him capable of any villainy in the world. To be so distrusted, he said, was horrible."

"But he loves her yet."

"Yes, oh! yes, and I think he would forgive her foolish suspicion now, if she could only be made see what a terrible mistake she has made, and would send for him. But Alla is very willful. She has such a persistent nature."

"But Alec won't do that. He will never seek her again, while he feels that his truth or his honor is doubted."

"I don't believe she does doubt him now. How can she, and Carry Howard going on as usual, you know—disengaged—and Warde as grim as a ghost, and shut up from morning till night in that counting-room, or in that old woolenware house, and never looking at a woman, he's so sulky about Miss Ally's throwing him over."

"Well, I wish—" but what she wished, this kind, anxious Eleanor, Frank Godfrey never heard, for just then the door pushed open, and in came pretty Ally Roberts herself. She deserves the adjective; for certainly there was never anything prettier than that straight, slight figure, that proud, spirited face, brunette in coloring, and lit up by a pair of splendid hazel eyes, there was a brilliant blaze of crimson in her cheeks, just now, from her rapid walk in the frosty air, so that she was rather lovelier than usual, Frank thought.

"What were you two talking about, I wonder, when I came in? You looked 'caught,' bust as Jimmy does when he's been at the jam." And with this pulck, mischievous question, Alice glanced from one to other, like a little inquisitive bird.

For answer, Eleanor handed her Aunt Polly's letter.

The splened hazel eyes dilated in surprise as they mastered the contents

"Well I never!" And then Miss Alice stopped in utter amaze, as if no words were adequate to express her astonishment.

"Well, Alice, what else can you say?"

"Say? I know what *you'll* say, Eleanor. I know what you feel."

"But *you*, Ally!"

The crimson had died out of the girl's cheek, as she had become accustomed to the in door temperature, but it blazed up now in a great wave of color as she said—"Yes: I say, yes. Let us go there and be friends. Estrangements and huarrels are dreadful things, I think." And then, quite suddenly, she rose up, and with some trivial excuse, left the romm.

Frank Godfrey looked at at Eleanor significantly, with an "I-told-you-so" expression; and a few minutes after, when he took his leave, he said, in a low and confidential tone—"I can manage it."

CHAPTER II

There was a grave discussion of ways and means in Eleanor's chamber next day.

"My dresses are so shabby," signed poor little Ally; "and there's nothing to make over any more, unless," laughing a little vexatiously, "we take the parlor curtains. We've used up about everything the house contained for our dresses except the curtains and the carpet."

Eleanor started with some kind of an exclamation that made Alice open her eyes, and respond hastily—"You *didn't* think I meant that, Eleanor, in earnest?"

Eleanor laughed. "Oh! no, but I mean it in earnest, Alice. You have suggested something to me I shouldn't have thought of myself. Do You remember that set of maroon curtains that father bought at auction the year before he died?"

"Yes, I think so."

"They were of a very handsome material—somethink silky and rich, like Irish poplin, and so heavily lined that the inerside can not be faded, and I'm sure I don't know——"

"Why they shouldn't be turned into a dress for me! There, I told you so—everything but be curtains and carpets! We shall have the carpets next, see if we don't!" And Ally shouted with laughter. "But where are these wonderful curtains which are to transform your Cinderella into a princess, Eleanor?"

"Packed away in the garret. We never had any use for them in this house, you know."

Brought forth from their obscurity, where they have been carefully laid away from moth and mould, these rich old curtains, after much ripping and shaking and pressing, turned out to Ally's great satisfaction. They were their own seamstresses, these girls! Eleanor cutting and fitting, and Ally evencing her skill and artistic taste in the matter of trimming. Perhaps, if you had seen this pretty Ally, busy over her new dress—had seen her folding and refolding the trimming—had heard her light and easy chatter, you would have said that her heart was as light and easy as her talk. But it is only in very unnatural novels that young women wear the visible sackcloth and ashes of their woes. Most persons, after the first shock of a grief, go about the daily business of life much as usual. The external surface of things seems the same. But underneith, far out of sight, the nerve lies sore and sensitive, which any chance word may thrill with bitter pain. People do not foster a real grief, either. Real griefs are contended with, being put away as much as possible into the dark background, and fought silently against day after day—often, too, covered over with all manner of gay and lightsome things to cheat the weary, weary ache for a time. And as Alice Roberts grief was a real one, and as by force of her nature she had little hope to help her, she strove with it, or turned her back upon it in the way that I have told. So now, as she laughed and jested over her new dress as she set herself with a will to its adorning, it was partly that resolute desire to overcome, and partly that instinct of cheating pain.

But Eleanor was not deceived. Eleanor knew how much was habit, how much was effort when Alice paraded up and down the room with her gored trail of silky lustre sweeping after her, and her gay little speeches thereat.—But the effort was good for her. The excitement of preparation was good for her. And the greater excitement of finally metting that half-remimbered Aunt Polly, and that mysterious and wholly forgotten Uncle John, and the troop of cousins, was the best thing in the world for her.

"Isn't it jolly though, having you here?" said the younger John, or Johnny, as he was now called, and who was very much taken with Alice's bright eyes and pretty ways.

"No—is it?" Alice made answer, laughing out of her lighter mood.

"Yes, the jolliest thing *this* Christmas and New Year, *I* know. And we're to have a gay old party Christmas night. We always have one; but this year there'll be no end of fun with you here, and Mr. Godfrey."

"Who?"

"Tom—brother 's friend, Frank Godfrey. He's pri tell you. When we boys go up to the city with Tom, he takes us to all the plays there are going."

"Only think, Eleanor, Frank Godfrey is coming," cried Alice, as Eleanor came up to them. Eleanor was saved from reply by Johnny's glib rattle; but a sense of uneasiness made her linger, and by and by change the conversation. What else did Johnny know? She could not ask Johnny himself, but she could ask Aunt Polly. So away she went to the store-room, where that motherly face was beaming over copious measurements of raisins and spices, and other Christmas condiments. Eleanor had gone back very easily to her old liking and intimacy with Aunt Polly. They had had all sorts of confidential talks already. And they had another one now. Uncle John, smoking his pipe in the little sitting-room adjoining, wondered "what mother was at," as he caught detached sentences like these:

"No, nobody knows anything but Tom—an old acquaintance of his, too," and "they'll be down the very night." This, interspersed with sundry little laughs, and a great deal of motherly 'my dear'-ing on the part of Aunt Polly, and an acquiescent, but less hopeful sentence now and then from Eleanor, was quite enough to justify a less experienced person than Uncle John, in thinking that "mother was fixing up some of her mysterious plans for those children." And Uncle John sitting there, laughed quietly to himself over 'mother's ways.' Why bless you, she was as young as any of 'em. And Johnny himself wouldn't enjoy his Christmas better than mother. Which was quite true. Indeed, I do not believe that Master Johnny, over his crammed stocking that Christmas morning, could have possibly been in such a state of enjoyment as this good mother, this kind and genial Aunt Polly, when she sat down at her full table that day, and looked across at those three orphan faces her heart had yearned in motherly compassion over so many times. Uncle John, too, that morning, was more than usually gentle and tender, as his glance fell upon his brother's children. And when he asked his Christmas blessing, there came into his voice a quivering note as he thanked God for the peace and unity that had brought them together once more. Everybody there, even Johnny, whose mind was very much occupied with his crammed stocking, snugly stowed away behind him, knew what Uncle John meant here. And everybody was quite touched and subdued at this evidence of emotion from so reserved a person as Uncle John. Poor little Ally felt a sob coming up into her throat, as she thought how far away *she* was, even now, from peace and unity. But Aunt Polly, observing her sad face, her deep drawn sigh, said softly to herself—

"God grant that full happiness may come to her under this roof."

Poor little Ally, indeed. There was Tom, with his pretty *fiance*, and Cousin Mary with that new engagement ring on her finger, and such a shy delight in her eyes, as that tall, blonde-bearded young gentleman dropped his voice for her benefit, now and then. What a contrast this offered to that proud, sore heart, in its aching loneliness. What a long, desolate vista it seemed to open before her of what her own life would be. Poor little Ally! All through that day her mind was tortured with visions of the past—with the "might have been"—that sad and dreary ghost, and all the host of dreary phantoms which followed in its train. In the meantime, to help herself to bear her trouble, she set herself to help others in their pleasures and their duties. If Johnny's new top wanted a piece of string, she helped him hunt for it; if Aunt Polly needed service in that busy preparation. Alice was at her call. Still, the day dragged, and the evening that approached with such a welcome from all the rest, was only something more to be endured for Alice. As she went wearily up the stairs to dress herself for this new effort, Aunt Polly called out in a cheery voice—

"Put on your prettiest gown, my dear, for there will be a good many new faces here. And then Mr. Godfrey is expected in the next train, and says he will bring a friend of his with him."

Alice laughed a little. Her prettiest gown recalled its curious origin But she didn't give a thought to Frank Godfrey and the friend he was to bring with him. Why should she? She put on her prettiest gown, however—that rich, soft, silky new gown, with its warm, winey tint, and trailing folds.

"How pretty you are in that pretty dress—look at her, mother, look at Ally, isn't she lovely?" cried out Mary Roberts, as Ally entered the parlor again.

"Yes, I see, my dear—very pretty indeed. And what is this stuff, Ally, so rich and soft?" Ally laughed outright, and straightway told its story, for Ally was not ashamed of their economy and its devices.

Aunt Polly was full of admiration at such ingenuity, such "positive genius of resource" as she called it. Full of admiration, for the proud and spirited face that gleamed and sparkled like a brilliant gem above this pretty dress. She seemed much more interested in Alic's appearance than in any of the others'. You would have thought that this little Alice, clothed economically in an old curtain, was some distinguished personage, such a fuss did this smiling, bustling Aunt Polly make over her, setting a ribbon right here and there, pulling out lace ruffles, and giving an extra puff and a fluff, to the wavy hair.

"I want you to look just as lovely as possible, my dear," she said in the midst of these little arrangements, for there are some of Tom's friends coming, and who knows"—and here she left off very suddenly with a "Bless my heart! there's the train now!" And Alice who was a very keen little person thought to herself—"There's a plan in her head about Frank Godfrey. Because he's our friend she thinks"—and here Alice left off suddenly too, to laugh over Aunt Polly's good natured folly, and to sigh over her own greater folly, perhaps. She was roused from these contemplations by the sound of her Cousin Tom's voice.

"Well, that is too bad," he was saying.

"What is it, Cousin Tom?"

"Why, the train we expected Godfrey in is detained by an accident to the locomotive; nothing serious; but there'll be a delay of half an hour or so, the telegram says."

The two boys, Johnny and little Tip, hearing this, set up quite an outcry of regret, for Frank Godfrey was "no end jolly in their opinion. Half an hour was half a lifetime to these impatient youngsters. A general discontent and restlessness seemed to attack them all, in fact, at this delay; and at last Master Johnny, who was fruitful in suggestions, proposed with great enthusiasm, that they should have a game of blind man's bluff, or hide and seek.

"Not blind-man's buff, for Tip got his nose smashed last year at that," cried out Tom, laughing; "but here goes for hide-and-seek. Come, boys—come, girls. Come, Ally—this is a regular Christmas bout with us. We all turn children to-day, you know; and this is a gay old house for hide-and-seek.

There was something so bright and funny, and hearty, in this proposition and the hilarious effect it was having upon everybody, that Ally felt her gay girl's spirits suddenly return to her; and laughing as she hadn't laughed for too long a time to tell about, she scampered off to join in the game. And what a game it was! "No end jolly," as Johnny declared in his favorite phraseology. As Tom had said, it was a gay old house for hide-and-seek. Queer corner closets, unlooked-for niches, stairway nooks, and great window recesses curtained into hiding rooms. Into one of these Alice fled with a laugh that would have betrayed her to the seeker if Aunt Polly's whispered advice had not already done so.

"Go into the window recess in the back hall, Ally, nobody has thought of that," she had said in an incautious undertreath. And into the window recess in the back hall Ally went with that little laugh at the fun of the thing, thinking, comically, what an affinity she had for curtains. And here she waited for that sharp seeker, Tom, whose turn it was, as the children say. Here she waited, and heard Tip's shrill halloo of laughter as he was dragged forth from behind the tall, old fashioned clock, and her brother Jimmy's answering shout as he was discovered in the clothes-basket. And

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, December 29, 187.

Notice.

Subscribers to the *Columbian* who pay their dues before January 1st will be charged only *two dollars per year*. Those who delay payment till after that date will be charged *two dollars and fifty cents*. After April 1, 1872, collection will be enforced and then *three dollars per annum* will be demanded. On the 1st of January, 1872, the books of the present publisher will be placed in the hands of C. W. MILLER, Esq., for collection. He will be directed to enforce collection of all accounts for JOB WORK and ADVERTISING immediately after February 1, 1872.

To the Readers of the Columbian.

With this number the connection of the undersigned with the *Columbian* newspaper ceases. A sufficient reason for this action has already been given. Others exist but in these the public would feel no interest. In taking leave of the readers of the paper and of the people of Columbia county, it is proper to give formal expression to the feelings of gratitude the undersigned entertains towards them for the generous support they have given him and for their uniform kindness to him. It is with no little regret that he leaves them, but circumstances beyond his control impel him to that action.

As the paper goes back into the hands of the predecessor of the undersigned, recently directly and most deservedly endorsed by the votes of the Democracy of the county, there will be no complaint because of the change or want of confidence in the paper itself. It is in a highly prosperous condition and will be edited in future with energy and decided ability. That it will deserve the ardent support of the Democracy of the county there is no room to doubt, and that it may receive it is due to the best interests of the party itself.

With these brief words the undersigned bids his present readers a final adieu, with unaffected and heartfelt wishes for their future prosperity and happiness.

HY. L. DIEFFENBACH.

Our Editorial Management.

Before terminating our connection with the press in this county and passing to another field of service it is our desire that a clear understanding shall be had by our readers and by the public regarding one point in our editorial management of the *Columbian*, during the past year. We refer to our treatment of questions pertaining to general politics in the State and country, including the so-called "new departure," the management of the late election by the Democratic State Committee, the future chairmanship of that Committee, the "passive policy" recently proposed for the approaching Presidential election, and other questions of a like character or classification. We have expressed our own views upon all these questions, without assistance or instigation from any quarter, and with complete independence. Certain it is, (although the contrary has been several times asserted by the Radical organ of this county,) that Mr. BUCKALEW has not written a line for our newspaper on general politics or concerning public men since we came here, or been consulted or concerned in any way whatever in our preparation of editorials concerning either.

This plain statement of a fact in our editorial management we think is one of simple justice to ourselves, as well as to Mr. BUCKALEW, and proper to fix and confirm our rightful responsibility for the views we have expressed upon public affairs and party action. Those views we adhere to, and we believe them to be sound and just; but whether sound and just or not they are our own and will be proclaimed and defended by us on all fit occasions.

Neither the public welfare nor the interests of the Democratic party will be promoted by "new departures," or "passive policies;" by coalitions with negro suffrage fanatics or mercenary radicals, nor by the running of our own party machinery by selfish or incompetent leaders. These are our sentiments, honestly expressed, and we shall stand to them here and elsewhere, now and hereafter.

OUR NEIGHBOR of the *Danville Intelligencer* is in error regarding the extent to which the free vote can be applied in popular and other elections. It can be applied in the choice of Presidential electors, members of Congress, Senators and Representatives in the Legislature, Judges of the Supreme Court of the State, Associate Judges of Counties, County Commissioners and Auditors, Councilmen in cities and boroughs, School Directors and many other local or municipal officers. In Bloomsburg it applies to the election of *twenty one* out of a total of *twenty four* town officers, and undoubtedly gives an improved class of men in the local government. It is true that to the complete application of reformed voting to *some* of the offices above mentioned, a few changes in official terms of service or time or manner of election will be necessary; but this is matter of detail and involves no difficulty. Again, reform is greatly needed in electing officers of incorporated companies so that all the stockholders shall be represented in their management, which can be accomplished by the free vote and hardly by any other means.

HAVING had the offer of several prominent Democratic papers in the State, the retiring publisher of the *Columbian* finally chose the *Lycoming Standard*, published in the city of Williamsport, as most desirable and congenial to him. Of course we would be glad to send that paper to any of our present readers but will not do so unless directly ordered. In a long editorial career we have never yet entered the name of any one on our list without request to do so, excepting a very few instances where no charge was made and compensation refused if offered. Any one, therefore, who wants to read the *Lycoming Standard* at an expense of two dollars per year will be gratified upon making their desire known to the publisher.

JOHN SCOTT'S Ku-Klux Committee is an expensive concern. It turned up short on the hands of Congress, and the sum of $28,000 had to be appropriated immediately to pay for extra hotel bills, &c.

The Combined Ring.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE COLUMBIAN.—When a stranger, you came here to take charge of the *Columbian*, such information as seemed necessary, in order to a proper understanding of local politics was obtained by you from time to time. Doubtless you have learned that all charges against the regular Democracy were false, forged and counterfeited, and you have learned also that all those insinuated allegations of rings, &c., were but reflections of the actual state of things existing among our opponents.

Hence you did wisely and well in the last campaign in refusing, to the allies of the republicans a hearing through your columns; and hence too the more open and notorious alliance of those parties, which although always existing, was concealed from public view. The antecedents of the present personnel of the ring are only what Bradley calls "*accumulative*" evidence of the facts heretofore developed. It is composed of the following absorbent material, to wit:

Rev. Daniel A. Beckley an adventurer in this section—Post Master at Bloomsburg under Lincoln and again under Grant—compensation about one thousand five hundred dollars per annum, with clerk hire and pickings—attended to church politics during the war, and sympathized strongly with the persecution of native citizens of the county.

Elijah R. Ikeler, attorney-at-law, late district attorney of Columbia county, and now Treasurer of the town of Bloomsburg by appointment of the council, and School Director of the same town. Secret editor of the small newspaper, (the Democratic *Sentinel*,) lately established as a branch of the Columbia county *Republican*, and printed at that office; and the same gentleman who distinguished himself in an attempt to purchase the Conyngham delegates to the county convention of 1870.

James Boyd Robison, United States Commissioner and in a small way, attorney and counsellor at law—late radical candidate for representative from Columbia county, and an occupant of the Hartman Building. His official services were called into requisition in the persecution of Rohr M'Henry and in the more recent cases of William Pettit, Bernard Stohner and others.

Jesse Coleman, formerly Prothonotary of Columbia county for two terms, and an unsuccessful candidate for nomination to a third term—has since steadily voted with the Republican party, and is now deputy, under the Radical appointee of Gov. Geary to that office.

Major Samuel Knorr, United States Assessor of Internal Revenue for the XIII Revenue District of Pennsylvania at a compensation of several thousand dollars per annum, and attorney-at-law—Hartman Corner—commanded a negro regiment in the war which did no fighting—and lately engaged in depriving a soldier's widow and orphan of a share in the proceeds of a small office.

James S. McNinch, formerly twice Treasurer of Columbia county, unsuccessful candidate for senatorial nomination in 1866, and notorious for his performances as senatorial conferee in 1869; and that after soliciting the place through his friends with protestations of his fidelity to the interests of the county and to the local nominee of our party.

Capt. Michael Whitmoyer, Notary *Public* and attorney-at-law—Hartman corner—former candidate for senator and other officers, an amiable gentleman and upon the whole, the least malicious member of "The Ring."

Peter Billmeyer, Ex-Sheriff of Columbia county and Ex-Supervisor of roads for Bloom township and an *ardent* supporter of Mercur for election to Congress in 1870. A.

Not Smooth Sailing.

The idea so jubilantly entertained by Grant, a short time since, that he had nothing to do but walk over the course for a second Presidential term unopposed, is rapidly giving way to plausible dread and doubt. The Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says:

"There seems to be an undercurrent of feeling, not yet publicly expressed, yet admitted in the private conversation of many of the supporters of the Administration, and advocates of Gen. Grant's renomination, that they may not have as clear sailing as they have anticipated for their candidate through the National Convention next Spring. Many of these men coming fresh from constituencies are forced to admit that while as yet there has been no very outspoken opposition to Gen. Grant's renomination, among the masses, there is discovered in private conversation, a wide-spread feeling that he is not the very best man in the country to be President for another term."

That "undercurrent" is finding expression more freely and publicly every day, and the discussion in the Senate on the frauds and corruption of the Grant administration is increasing the already "wide-spread feeling" referred to.

THE big job of the Administration for the present session will be the consummation of the postal-telegraph scheme. It is one of those well devised plans by which not only speculators but politicians can be largely benefitted. An addition of 25,000 federal officials and undisputed control of the entire telegraphy of the country by the Government will place in the hands of an administration opportunities for evil such as have never before been enjoyed, and which opportunities will most certainly be fully improved. The proposition meets with favor not only at the hands of the Executive, but of the leading Administration papers; and from what is known of the readily-moulded character of the Republican majority in Congress there is little doubt that it will be put through.

THE valedictory address of Governor Haight, of California, to the Legislature of that State, is an able and satisfactory official paper. The Governor calls attention to the fact, that during his administration the State debt has been reduced from $5,164,000 to $3,462,000; that the schools are in a most flourishing condition; and that prosperity and economy have distinguished the four years of Democratic rule. He recommends a change in the land laws of the State, on the ground that they now facilitate the acquisition of large tracts of land by corporations; and advises that a Constitutional Convention be held to remodel the judicial system and the system of taxation. A combination of plunderers and grabbers beat Mr. Haight and elected Mr. Booth. It remains to be seen whether the people will be as honestly served by the latter.

Grant's Thieves.

When the Trumbull resolution was before the United States Senate a few days since, the administration Senators cut a sorry figure. In their attempts to defend Grant and excuse the thousands of defaulters who surround him, they made assertions which were so supremely ridiculous and so notoriously false, that even those who feel disposed to stick to Grant have to laugh outright. For instance, Mr. Edmunds, who is more than suspected of being one of the Grant ring of speculators, had the effrontery to assert that:

"This administration will compare favorably (in the way of honesty) with any administration that ever preceded it from the days of Washington to this day. There have been embezzlements, I admit, but there have been embezzlements under all administrations," &c.

No wonder "laughter in the galleries" followed this burst of unadulterated falsehood. Mr. Schurz, (Republican,) answered Edmunds promptly and triumphantly. Said Mr. Schurz:

"Nay, sir, if you search the history of this country you cannot point out to me four consecutive years during which so many embezzlements and defalcations have come to light as have been laid bare to the public eye during the last three or four months. If I am mistaken, I shall be glad to be corrected. A great many of these frauds, embezzlements and defalcations were not discovered by diligent inquiry or investigation, but by something like accident; we simply stumbled over them, and there they are. It cannot, will not be denied, that under this administration more defalcations have taken place than have taken place during all other administrations, from Washington to the present. We had better confess this alarming fact at once, and then go to work to stop the abuse and choke off the leeches who are clinging to the public teat."

Plain Talk.

The New York *World*, in speaking of the course of the administration Senators on the Trumbull resolution, uses this strong language:

"If General Grant's friends in the Senate were not convinced in their consciences, and with their means of knowledge, that his administration is corrupt, they would not thus squelch and stifle honest inquiry. Administrative purity would rejoice in such an opportunity to remove suspicions, silence slanders, brighten its reputation, and establish its claim to public confidence. It is thieves that skulk; it is the doers of evil deeds that dread the light. The President has certified, under his own hand, to the admirable honesty of Tom Murphy's administration of the Custom house. If he has not certified to a lie, why should his friends shrink with dread from having the evidence of Murphy's unimpeachable honesty laid before the public?—Boutwell's friends boast and glory in the Syndicate; why then should not an impartial committee be permitted to reveal the secret history of that dark manœuver? Treasurer Spinner, less than two weeks ago, solemnly averred, in his annual report, as a matter within his personal knowledge, that the Treasury Department is administered with the most entire purity, and since the publication of his pharisaic report two scandalous cases of embezzlement have been brought to light in his own bureau, in which the frauds were going on under his own nose and at the very time he was certifying to the spotless purity of every branch of the Treasury Department. Two or three months ago, there was an astounding disclosure of the embezzlement of $400,000 in the Paymaster's Department; and the disclaimers of responsibility in the recent official reports remind us of one of Nast's striking Tammany caricatures, in which everybody points to some other body with the exculpatory exclamation, "*He* did it." Then there is the Seneca Stone Company, and the Emma Silver Mine, and a host of similar things that have brought scandal upon high officers, about which the public has a right to demand authentic information. If all those officers have been maligned, a committee of investigation would clear their characters and establish their innocence; a vindication which they and all their friends ought to covet. It is only because the administration Senators have reason to believe in their guilt, that they imitate the tactics of the Tammany rogues and try to ward off inquiry into their conduct.

The New Apportionment.

On Wednesday, the 6th inst., the House of Representatives took up the consideration of the apportionment bill, introduced at the last session. This bill makes the total number of Representatives 281, a ratio of one member for every 135,057 of the population. By this arrangement but few of the States lose in the number of their Representatives, while nearly all the new and growing ones make large gains. This table exhibits the number allotted each State under the existing apportionment, as well at under the proposed bill:

	Old	New		Old	New
Maine	5	5	Kentucky	9	10
New Hampshire	3	2	Tennessee	8	9
Vermont	3	3	Indiana	11	12
Massachusetts	10	11	Illinois	14	19
Rhode Island	2	2	Missouri	7	12
Connecticut	4	4	Arkansas	3	4
New York	31	32	Michigan	7	9
New Jersey	5	7	Florida	1	1
Pennsylvania	24	26	Texas	4	6
Delaware	1	1	Iowa	6	9
Maryland	7	6	Wisconsin	6	8
Virginia	8	9	California	3	4
North Carolina	7	8	Minnesota	3	4
South Carolina	4	5	Oregon	1	1
Georgia	7	8	Kansas	1	2
Alabama	6	7	West Virginia	3	3
Mississippi	5	6	Nevada	1	1
Louisiana	5	5	Nebraska	1	1
Ohio	19	19			

The State making the greatest gain is Illinois, which has five. Pennsylvania under this apportionment is allotted only two new members, and New York one. Nearly all the gain is represented in the West.

SENATORS MORTON, Sherman, Edmunds and Nye opposed the Trumbull Investigating Committee, on the ground that it would institute a 'Star Chamber' proceeding. When the whole government has been run on the "Star Chamber" principle for the past ten years, what sense is there in the attitude assumed by the Senators named? "Star Chamber" proceedings were good enough to arrest and imprison Democrats, but when thieves, plunderers, and swindlers are to be exposed by the same means, Messrs. Morton, Sherman, Edmunds and Nye are shocked. "A fellow feeling makes us wondrous kind."—*Age*.

THE Radical papers are not as jubilant as they would have you believe. They cannot boast of as many radical Governors and Senators as a few years ago.

New York and Washington Contrasted.

When the frauds in the municipal government of New York were discovered, the Democratic press of the State and of the country denounced the perpetrators without stint or qualification. Immediately Mr. Tilden and other leading members of the party repudiated all connection with the thieves and read them out of the Democratic fold. The Tammany Ring was overwhelmingly beaten at the polls and beaten by Democratic influence and Democratic votes. This was done without hesitation, though it was apparent that such a course would throw the State temporarily into the hands of the Republicans. When party success could no longer be secured, except by bolstering up corruption, the Democracy of New York voluntarily submitted to defeat rather than suffer dishonor.

But the determination to punish malfeasance and corruption in office did not stop with the administration of a rebuke at the polls. The Democratic District Attorney of New York at once began a series of prosecutions against those who were suspected of wrong-doing, and being assisted by that distinguished Democratic lawyer, Charles O'Conor, and sustained by such Democrats upon the bench as Judge Bedford, he has brought one prominent man after another to answer before the Courts. The last noted individual arrested was Wm. M. Tweed, a man of immense wealth, and one who has heretofore wielded great political power. His committal to a common jail shows how little sympathy the real leaders of the Democratic party have with official corruption, and how ready they are to mete out stern and strict justice to all offenders.

What a contrast to this commendable conduct of the New York Democracy is offered by Grant and his supporters! Tom Murphy, who cheated the Government out of immense sums during the war, by furnishing shoddy clothing and villainously-constructed hats to the soldiers; who was hand in glove with Tweed and the rest of the Tammany Ring in their robberies, and who made the Custom-House of New York a den of thieves, retired from office, not to a prison, but to the gorgeous mansion, with the congratulatory letter of U. S. Grant in the left breast-pocket of his fashionably cut coat. Hundreds of detected defaulters to the general government are now living at ease upon their ill gotten gains, walking the streets of our cities and towns in perfect peace and security. No one attempts to molest them or make them afraid. And this while Tweed, Connoly & Co. are arrested and thrust into prison by Democratic officials.

The Radical majority in the United States Senate refused to pass Mr. Trumbull's investigating resolution. By their act they said to the horde of scoundrels who are plundering the National Treasury, "You have nothing to fear!" They took care to exclude from the Investigating Committee, which was finally appointed, every Republican who had exhibited the least disposition to deal properly with existing abuses. They chose Buckingham, Howe, Harlan, Stewart and Poole, to checkmate any action which might be taken by the single Democrat they were forced to place upon the Committee. Harlan, of Iowa, whose corrupt management of the Interior Department under a former administration gave him good cause to dread an investigation, is member of this Committee, which was constituted to shield rascals of every grade; Stewart, of Nevada, is well known as a notorious broker of legislative jobs of every description; and Poole, of North Carolina, owes his seat in the Senate to a combination of fraud and violence. Buckingham, of Connecticut, who is Chairman of the Committee, was one of the boldest and most outspoken opponents of any attempt at investigation.

Let the people look at the action of the Radical majority in the Senate of the United States, and then at the course pursued by Democratic officials in New York City! Let honest voters make the contrast for themselves and draw their own inferences! And, while this is being done, let it be remembered that the acts of this Administration cannot bear the light of day. An honest committee of investigation would be forced to make a report which would render Grant's name more odious than that of any of the men who have been mentioned in connection with the Tammany frauds.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

IT has been announced in the Radical press, with considerable flourish, that Hon. G. H. Parker, of Davenport, Iowa, one of "the prominent Democrats" of that State, has written a letter in which he pronounces the Democratic party dead, and the abandonment of its organization. The Detroit *Free Press* says: "Hon. G. H. Parker is not a disinterested counselor in regard to the policy which he would have the Democratic party pursue. He left that party ten years ago and expected to see its death immediately follow, but it did not die. He was Mr. Lincoln's Government Detective at Chicago, for some years during the war, and has not pretended to act with the Democratic party since that time any more than he did then. That he should want the Democratic party, as such, to give up its organization is natural. He undoubtedly feels ashamed of his present party association, and wants a new deal, under the hope that he may, in that way, fall again into decent political company. 'Hon. George H. Parker,' of Davenport, Iowa, is not alone in his anxieties."

GENERAL BUTLER has introduced a bill to construe the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution as establishing female suffrage. This is a considerable stride; it having been hitherto thought that it was the function of the Judiciary to construe the Constitution and the laws, and that a declaration of their meaning by Congress would have no more weight than a like declaration from any other body of men having nothing to do with the matter. Congress may pass a law, in accordance with its understanding of the Constitution, and that law, on any case arising under it, would be the subject of Judicial construction in the Courts. But a dictum of Congress, that the Constitution means this or that, ought to have no weight or authority at all.—*Age*.

"I believe," said Mr. Tipton, Republican Senator from Nebraska, in the Senate the other day, "that there is corruption, deep, damning and festering all through this administration." The country believes so too.

ONE of the most ridiculous stories yet heard is that told in court at Columbia yesterday during the trial of the South Carolina marauders. A witness admits he is a member of the Ku-Klux, and says the plan was formed in 1868 for self defence and to prevent incendiarism, but has nothing to say concerning the wholesale murders committed in the several counties of South Carolina.—*Forney's Press.*

Not so ridiculous a story, after all. The witness, we doubt not, told the naked truth; the same kind of testimony has been given by every witness who admitted being a member of the Ku-Klux Klan. This K. K. organization was started when the negroes of the Southern States were burning gin-houses, barns and private dwellings with impunity. Not only were they burning but they were stealing everything they could lay hands on. It was right, then, perfectly right, for white men to band together to save their families and their properties from destruction. Several negroes caught in the very act of firing properties, were shot down in their tracks, and this was right, too. And these are the "murders committed," about which Forney prates so much. Any man seeing a negro placing the torch to his property would be justified in taking that negro's life.—*Carlisle Volunteer.*

MR. CAKE, Gen. Negley, Mr. Kelley, and other orators of Protection, have suggested that a continuance of high tariff would inevitably bring into this country abundance of foreign capital and throngs of skilled laborers from abroad. The facts are precisely contrary to the theory. High tariffs discourage, nay, prevent the immigration of skilled labor. The working men of England not long since sent an agent to this country to examine into the condition of the laboring classes here. He returned and reported that, while American wages were higher than English wages, the English laborer lived better and more comfortably on his wages the American on his. The British laborer was comparatively free from taxes; the American was taxed to death, having to support the Government and enrich the monopolist.—*Wash. Patriot.*

GOVERNOR HAIGHT, of California, in his valedictory message adverts, in terms of merited censure, to the course pursued by government officials in the recent elections in that State. When officers marshal fourteen or fifteen hundred laborers to the polls; destroy the secrecy of the ballot by compelling the use of strips of pasteboard, five-eighths of an inch wide, printed closely in diamond type, so that alteration is impossible, they aim a blow at the existence of free government, and virtually direct the machinery of republican institutions to defeat the popular will, upon which they are avowedly based. No partisan or personal consideration should prevent a prompt and effectual remedy for this abuse. Governor Haight recommends an enactment providing for a uniform ballot on white paper, which would be a good thing everywhere.

TOUGH STORIES.—The Reading papers are in the habit of telling rather tough stories. The excitement occasioned by their yarn about "the young woman thrown into a well" near Churchtown, has hardly had time to subside, before they treat us to the story of a pearl taken from an oyster some twenty-five years ago, which has grown three times its original size! and of a petrified mouse found in the walls of an old building recently torn down in that enterprising city.

NATIONAL BANK.—Senator Sumner, it is said, will soon submit to Congress a bill for the establishment of a grand National Bank, to be called "The Exchequer of the United States," and modeled after the Bank of England. The plan contains two departments, the "banking" and the "issue" department, and provides for one hundred millions of capital, to be taken by subscription. It is designed, also, to take the place of the present sub-treasury.

WHEN *Huget* wished to be made a Colonel and Noble at the same time, *Richelieu's* reply to *Joseph* was, "we'll promise it; and see the King withholds." That is the Grant policy at the present time. The people demand investigation, reform in all departments of the public service. General Grant promises it in his message, but sees that the Senate withholds. His message was a cheat, a fraud. The action of the Senate proves it.

AT a special election held in Georgia on the 19th, Hon. James M. Smith was chosen Governor, to fill the unexpired term of Rufus B. Bullock. The bill appointing this election was vetoed by acting Gov. ernor Conley, on the ground of unconstitutionality. The vote was overridden by the Legislature, however, and the election took place with the result announced. Owing to the feeble opposition of the carpet-baggers, the vote was light.

A NEW and startling fraud has been discovered, seriously implicating officials in the State Department at Washington. The statement of the American claims in the Alabama case, a highly confidential document, was, more than two months ago, surreptitiously obtained by an agent of the British government, which has thus had a signal advantage in the preparation of its case.

IF Schurz, Trumbull and that class of Radicals who desire to see Grant defeated, are honest in their opposition, they will turn in and help the Democracy do it. If not honest, why should the Democracy, to all intents and purposes disband, as the "passive policy" dictates and allow either wing of the Radical thieves to succeed?

SPAIN is constantly claiming that the rebellion in Cuba is crushed, and all the patriots ready to lay down their arms, but, at the same time, sending heavy reinforcements of troops to maintain the Royal authority, even within fifty miles of Havana. The latter fact shows the true condition of affairs in Cuba.

GOVERNOR GEARY warns the members of the National Union League "not to be seduced by any such devices" as the Democracy may get up to influence their votes at the coming election. The Governor has been seduced so many times that he is safe from any fresh temptations.—*Age*.

IT is said that three new States will apply for admission into the Union, and two new Territories will apply for incorporation at the forthcoming session of Congress. The Territories seeking admission are Utah, Colorado and New Mexico. The new Territories are to be known as Pembina and Oklahoma. Pembina is, or is to be, a country on the Red River of the North, to extend from Minnesota to Montana, and from the forty-sixth to the forty-ninth degree of north latitude. Oklahoma will be only a reorganization of the Indian Territory.

EXPENSIVE INSTITUTIONS.—Secretary Boutwell states that the expenditures of the War Department for the last year were over $41,000,000, and of the navy about $29,000,000. These institutions are rather expensive for a people so heavily taxed and a country so heavily in debt as we are. Under Democratic rule, the last years before the war, these two departments cost only about $25,000,000 a year. And the same difference exists between Democratic and Radical rule in other expenditures.

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF PETER K. HERBINE, DEC'D.
The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Auditor to marshal assets in the hands of Rolamus Herbine, administrator, &c. of Peter K. Herbine, late of Locust twp., deceased, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg, on Thursday, the 1st day of February, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m. All persons having claims on said estate are requested to attend, or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said assets.
ROBERT F. CLARK, Auditor.
dec8'71-3.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

By virtue of authority and order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned administrators of the estate of George W. Yeager, deceased, will expose to sale by public vendue on the premises, on

THURSDAY, JANUARY, 25, 1872,

A LOT OF GROUND Consisting of

ABOUT ONE ACRE,

situate in the village of Slabtown, in Locust township Columbia county, whereon are erected a

LARGE FRAME HOUSE AND STORE ROOM

attached—together with stabling and necessary outbuildings. Adjoining lands of John Herver, lands of David Yeager, lands of Isaiah Yeager and the public road.

Possession will be given on the 1st of April, 1872, upon paying the purchase money, or securing the same to be paid on confirmation of the sale by the Orphans' Court.

REUBEN FAHRINGER,
MARGARET YEAGER,
Administrators.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, when paying the purchase money, or securing the same to be paid on confirmation of the sale, the balance in one year thereafter with interest on the same from confirmation nisi.

H. H. RINGLER, Clerk O. C.
Locust twp., Dec. 29, 1871-ts.

PUBLIC SALE
OF WOOD LAND.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned guardian of the person and estate of Julia Clark, a minor child of Jacob Clark, late of Montour township, in said county, deceased, will expose to sale on the premises on

TUESDAY, JANUBRY 30, 1872,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the undivided one-third of all that certain tract of Woodland situate in Montour township in said county, bounded by lands now or late of Harley & Frick, on the west by land of Andrew Clark, on the south by land of William J. Eyer, and on the east by land of Mary Clark, containing

NINETY-FIVE ACRES

and one hundred and forty perches.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to remain charged upon said land during the natural life of the widow of said David W. Clark, deceased, with interest thereon to be annually and regularly paid to her by the purchaser or purchasers during her natural life, said interest to be computed from the 1st day of April A. D. 1872, and the principal at her death to be paid to the parties legally authorized to receive the same. Twenty per cent. of two-thirds of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale. One half of the balance of the purchase money to be paid on the 1st day of April A. D. 1873, when the same will be given and the balance of the purchase money to be paid on the 1st day of April A. D. 1874, with interest on the same from the 1st day of April A. D. 1872. Purchaser or Purchasers to pay for Deeds and Stamps.

LEWIS YETTER, Guardian.

N. B. The other parties in interest will sell their interests in said Woodland upon the terms and conditions above mentioned.
Catawissa, Dec. 29, 1871-ts.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of authority and order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Baser Essler, deceased, will expose to sale by public vendue, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1872,

the following described Tract of Land, situate in Madison township, Columbia county, and bounded as follows, to wit: by lands of George Derr, Benjamin Dougherty, John Ringler, Michael Winegardner and others, and the Muncy Road, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN ACRES,

and seventy perches, more or less. The Improvements upon the premises are a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

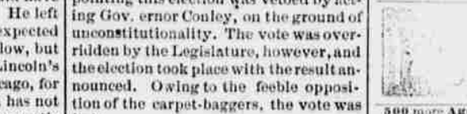
a good Frame Barn, Fruit, a well of excellent water; and with ten to fifteen acres of timber. The Farm is on the public road between Jerseytown and White Hall, easily accessible, and in a good state of cultivation. The grain in the ground is reserved.

Possession will be given on the First day of April, A. D. 1872, if the purchase money is paid, or secured to be paid, to the satisfaction of the administrator.

WILLIAM MCBRIDE,
Administrator.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth, less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from the confirmation nisi.

dec29'71-ts H. H. RINGLER, Clerk O. C.



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CHICAGO
Its History and Destruction.

By Colbert & Chamberlain. Enlivened with vivid pen pictures of terrible scenes and startling incidents, embracing also accounts of the disastrous fires in Moscow, Rome, London, New York, Philadelphia, Portland and late forest fires in Wisconsin and Michigan. Contains 528 pages and a superior map of Chicago. 10,000 copies sold first 60 days, and sale increasing rapidly. Beware of incomplete works. Send for circulars. HUBBARD Bros., Publishers, 723 Sansom St., Philad'a. n52w1

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Great FORTUNES!
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WORTHINGTON, DUSTIN & CO. Hartford, Conn

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The Great Fires
in CHICAGO and the WEST by Rev. E. J. GOODSPEED, D. D., of Chicago. Only complete history. 700 8vos. pages; 60 engravings. 70,000 already sold. Price $2.50. 2500 agents made in 30 days. Profits 40 to sufferers. AGENTS WANTED. H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

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Catalogue of Flower and Vegetable SEEDS.
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SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS, FOR 1872:
Now ready. Consisting of over 120 pages, on rose tinted paper, with upwards of 150 separate cuts, and six beautiful Colored Plates! Cover, a beautiful design, in colors. The richest Catalogue ever published. Send 25cts for copy, but one-half the value of the colored plates, in the first order, amounting to one less than $1, the price of Catalogue, 25c., will be refunded in seeds. New customers placed on the same list with old. Free to old customers. Quality of seeds, size of packets, prices and premiums offered, make it to the advantage of all to purchase seeds of us. See Catalogue for extraordinary inducements.

You will miss it if you do not see our Catalogue before ordering Seeds.

Either of our two Chromos for 1872, size 18x24—one a flower plate of Balloon Plants, consisting of Lilies, &c.—the other of Annual, Biennial and Perennial Plants, guaranteed the

MOST ELEGANT FLORAL CHROMOS

ever issued in this country. A superb parlor ornament; mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 25c.; also free, on conditions specified in Catalogue. Address
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ACTIVE AGENTS to sell the Finkle and Lyon Manufacturing Co's Improved 2-cw Family Sewing Machines.
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Will be given one or two persons, of either sex, in Bloomsburg and adjoining towns, by which they may realize from $50 to $100 a week, with but little interference with ordinary occupation in selling HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES of real merit and universal use. If the whole time is devoted a much larger sum may be realized. Circulars free, giving complete list of articles and commission allowed. T. S. COOK & CO., Hoboken, N. J.

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The first and only self-feeding Anthracite Coal Stove ever invented that will Perfectly Consume all the gases.
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No Knife. No Caustic Medicines. No Blood. Little pain. For particulars, call on or address either of the above.

IMPOTENCY.—Victims of early indiscretion, self-abuse, causing nervous debility, premature decay, &c., will find a most effectual, safe and permanent cure by addressing, confidentially, DR. WUNDER, Post Office, Philadelphia.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF
Bloomsburg at Bloomsburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of Business, December 16th, 1871.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$177,561 07
Overdrafts	51 08
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000 00
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents	23,712 26
Due from other National Banks	21,418 89
Due from State and Bankers	1,793 84
Current Expenses	161 99
Cash Items, including Stamps	2,386 99
Fractional Currency, including Nickels	128 60
Legal Tender Notes	12,298 00
	$290,533 34

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$50,000 00
Surplus Fund	50,000 00
Discount	1,101 00
Exchange	477 94
Interest	365 86
Profit and Loss	21,561 19
National Bank Circulation outstanding	45,297 00
Dividends unpaid	76 00
Individual Deposits	120,536 31
Certified Checks	980 00
Cashier's Checks outstanding	200 00
Due to National Banks	6,033 45
	$290,533 34

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF COLUMBIA, ss.
I, J. P. Tustin, Cashier of the First National Bank of Bloomsburg, do solemnly affirm that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. P. TUSTIN, Cashier.
Subscribed and affirmed to before me this 21st day of December, 1871.
WM. PEACOCK, Notary Public.
Correct Attest:
C. R. PATTON, }
WM. MCKELVY, } Directors.
JOHN K. GROTZ, }

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
Will be sold at public sale, by order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, on the premises, in Locust township, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1872,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following described property late the estate of George Rapp

THE COLUMBIAN.

Bloomsburg, Friday, Dec. 29, 1871.

GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 40 Park Row, are our only authorized Advertising Agents in New York.

COE, WETHERILL & Co., No. 607 Chestnut Street, are our only authorized Agents in Philadelphia.

C. G. MURPHY, Esq., is our authorized Agent at Centralia to transact any business pertaining to the COLUMBIAN Office.

☞ All advertisements for the forgoing localities must be endorsed by these Agents, or they will receive no attention. tf.

Railroad Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG R. R.

	North.	South.
Mail	12:14 A. M.	3:57 P. M.
Accommodation	8:05 A. M.	4:23 P. M.
Express	6:12 P. M.	10:21 A. M.

CATAWISSA R. R. FROM RUPERT STATION.

Going North.	Going South.
4:12 P. M.	10:08 A. M.

THE editor of the *Columbian* will sell his premises, on the corner of Centre Street and 5th Avenue, Bloomsburg, and give possession thereof at any time after January 1st. The property is in all respects a very desirable one and will be sold on favorable terms. Call and see.

M. F. CONNER is authorized to transact any business connected with the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

THE Rev. Mr. Houts will preach in the Reformed Church at this place on next Sabbath evening at the usual hour.

JAMES M. PORTER, of Easton, has been elected R. W. J. Grand Warden of the Masonic Grand Lodge of this State.

JOHN S. STERNER has been busily engaged in hauling brick to the old site preparatory to rebuilding the Exchange Hotel.

THE trial of Mrs. Wharton for the poisoning of Gen. Ketchum is now going on in Baltimore. There seems to be some doubts as to the lady's guilt.

THE Grand "Dook" is to excite Milwaukie next, we believe. Owing to the fact that he is a little hurried he will not get around to Bloomsburg this trip.

THEY do the "marriage" business by wholesale in Bradford county. Eight couple were recently united by one ceremony in Towanda.

ON the 8th of January the State Normal School of this place will commence a new term, under the management of C. G. BARKLEY as Principal. The faculty will be duly announced.

THE Jury Commissioners met this week and filled the wheel anew for the year 1872, putting in over four hundred names. The Jurors for February Term are drawn and will appear next week.

IF the clerk of the weather be propitious, it will not be long before the sleighing season will set in. The boys, too, are longing for ripe snow-balls, and places to slide down hill. All will come in good time, we suppose.

A physician of Bloomsburg has at last hit upon the happy expedient of vaccinating on the legs. That, we think, is a pretty good idea, especially since the fashionable ladies dislike so much to have their fair arms disfigured by the little mark

CHRISTMAS DAY.—Although the weather was of the most disagreeable character, the citizens of Bloomsburg generally enjoyed Christmas in a very pleasant manner. No serious disturbance occurred to mar the day, and many social reunions and gatherings took place.

THE COLUMBIAN is the only paper published this week in Columbia county. This is the *very week* that all reading people desire the faithful chronicler of the news, both local and general, more than any other. The *Republican* suspended this week and of course the *Sentinel* could not appear.

THE County Auditors will meet next week to audit the accounts of the Treasurer and County Commissioners. This board is composed of acknowledged accountants, hence we may look for an intelligable, correct and clear statement of the financial affairs pertaining to county matters.

TRY THIS TRICK.—The latest amusement, says a "phunny phellow," is termed the "Printers Delight," and is performed in the following manner: Take a sheet of note paper, fold it carefully, and enclose a bank note sufficiently large to pay up all arrears for subscription, advertising and job work. And what adds immensely to the feat, is to send along the names of a few subscribers, "with cash to balance."—Keep your eye on the printer, and if you detect a smile, the trick is a success. Delinquents, try this trick, and if it don't do your heart good, nothing will.

WAGON LOAD OF BENZINE OF FIRE EXCITING SCENE.—On Saturday morning a teamster, driving up Church Run with a double team and wagon, loaded with several barrels of benzine, carelessly threw the contents of his lighted pipe behind him. An explosion immediately followed. He jumped from his seat and escaped with a few burns. The horses dashed furiously up the road, leaving a long trail of liquid fire behind them. Carrel after barrel exploded, which only made the affrighted animals run faster. Finally the wagon came in contact with a stump, which freed the animals, and enabled them to escape from a frightful death. The wagon and barrels were totally consumed.—*Titusville Herald.*

TEACHER'S INSTITUTE.—In pursuance to notice given, and in accordance with the well established custom, the Teachers of Columbia county, are holding their annual "Teachers' Institute" this week in Bloomsburg. Their meeting was organized on Tuesday by the selection of C. G. BARKLEY, Esq., as chairman.

The day sessions are being held in the New School Building on Fifth Street, and the evening exercises in the Court House.

On Tuesday evening Rev. Jno. Hewitt delivered the opening address to an appreciative audience, which was well received.

On Wednesday evening Prof. William Burgess delivered a well written address on School Law and Common Schools. The same evening Miss Parsons read an interesting essay. The sessions will continue during the whole week. The proceedings will appear in next issue.

COUNTY PAPERS.—We are occasionally visited by complaining ones "who have about made up their minds to stop their county paper and take one from abroad." One that has double the reading matter and still only costs the same or perhaps less. The following from an exchange may perhaps throw a little light upon the situation and suggest an idea or two:

We sometimes meet individuals who complain about their county paper and cease to take it, preferring to subscribe for a city paper. They do not seem to comprehend the facts in the relation to publications and support of papers. In the first place, the terms of nearly all city papers are the same as the county, —$2 for a single copy, and the only way they get them for less than that price is by clubbing; and sending for a number of copies at a time. Then again they must invariably send the money in advance, which they seldom do for their county paper. But the principal difference consists in the fact that it costs the publisher of the county paper the same to set his type that it does the city publisher, and setting the type is the principal expense in publishing a newspaper of small circulation. After the type is once set the expense is then merely for blank paper and press work, and the paper with a hundred thousand subscribers, has the advantage at two dollars. Of course the large city papers contain a greater amount of reading matter than the county papers, but which is the most useful and interesting? Do they contain notices of our schools, churches, meetings, marriages, and hundreds of other local matters of interest which the county papers publish without pay? Not an item. Do they ever say a word calculated to draw attention to our county and to its numerous thriving towns, and aid in our progress and enterprise? Not a line. And yet there are men who take the contracted view of this matter that unless they are getting as many square inches of reading matter in their county paper as they do in a city paper, they are not getting the worth of their money. It reminds us of the person who takes the largest pair of boots in the box, simply because they cost the same as the pair much smaller that fit.

Receipts for Subscription to the "Columbian," for December, 1871.

Aaron Miller	$ 2 00	Benjamin Geringer	2 00
John K Grotz	2 00	William Mosser	2 00
Abraham Arnwine	2 00	S H Seybert	2 00
A J Starr	2 00	Wm F Robbins	2 00
Geo Brown	2 00	J A Doran	2 00
Elijah Fulmer	1 50	Emandus Unangst	2 00
Samuel B Levan	2 00	Wm C Robinson	2 00
Wm Hume	2 00	David Rarp	2 00
Andrew Shuman	2 00	William John	2 00
Daniel Singley sr	2 00	Jas E McBride	2 00
Peter Farver	2 00	Daniel Hartman	2 00
Reuben T Foulk	2 00	George Murphy	2 00
Samuel E Smith	2 00	Louis Belshine	2 00
Henry D Knorr	2 00	Jacob Wenner	2 00
Thomas Smith	2 00	D J Remley	2 00
Levi Belshine	2 00	B F Fortner	2 00
Mrs A McBride	2 00	Samuel Gillaspy	2 00
Reuben Knittle	2 00	John W Gillaspy	2 00
Samuel D White	2 00	J W Evans	2 00
Hon Steph Baldy	2 00	Mrs Oblasser	2 00
Reuben reigel	2 00	Lawrence Watters	2 00
John Brunen	2 00	Eli Jones	2 00
Nothan Creasy	2 00	H G Phillips	2 00
Samuel Fritz	2 00	Dr W M Reber	2 00
Patrick Killean	2 00	S S Runyan	2 00
Joseph Campbell	2 00	Joseph Mulliver	2 00
Hon J McReynolds	2 00	Wilson Wanich	2 00
J R Grout	2 00	Samuel Ale	2 00
John W Hoffman	2 00	Thomas Webb	2 00
George Vance	2 00	Wm Towbridge	1 75
Jacob Terwilliger	2 00	William Beers	1 50
Dr C K Earley	2 00	Lawrence Cronan	2 00
P A Evans	2 00	Peter Creveling	2 00
Samuel Giger	2 00	Moses Schlicher	2 00
Jesse Rittenhouse	2 00	Allen Mann	2 00
Charles Grover	2 00	W S Cole	2 00
Abner Weesh	2 00	Thomas B Cole	2 00
A R Patterson	2 00	M A Moore	2 00
David Shuman	2 00	I M Demott	2 00
Peter Girton	2 00	Daniel Wellfver	2 00
Jacob Lemon	2 00	C H Barkley	2 00
Philip A Stroup	4 00	J B Fortner	2 00
Samuel Rhone	2 00	Wilson G Cramer	2 00
Hezekiel McHenry	2 00	James Ammerman	2 00
Peter Fritz	2 00	M F Eyerly	2 00
Montgomery Cole	2 00	Wm Coleman	2 00
Michael Lemon	2 00	M F Girton	2 00
C B White	2 00	John Workheiser	2 00
R D Appleman	2 00	Daniel Scheuler	1 00
H Schweppenheiser	2 00	Samuel Morrison	2 00
James Jacoby	2 00	E L Snyder	2 00
Geo Steadman	2 00	Valentine Wellfver	2 00
Richard Kile	2 00	C L Artley	2 00
T J Vandersteeve	2 00	James F Stoker	2 00
William Linden	2 00	Preston Derr	2 00
David Brown jr	2 00	John S Stetler	2 00
John C Smith	40	Alex Kramer	2 00
John Collins	2 00	Samuel Bogart	2 00
John Hicks	2 00	Wm Bellas	2 00
R F Hicks	2 00	Capt G W Utt	2 00
J Elwood Heacock	1 00	David Rarp	2 00
John Baker	2 00	Wm Creasy sr	2 00
Emanuel Gilbert	2 00	J W Kelchner	2 00
J K Young	1 34	Joshua Fritz	2 00
Sol Housekneckt	2 00	John Barig	2 00
John S Negley	2 00	John Beaver	2 00
C H Girton	2 00	M A Girton	2 00
George Eves	40	James Girton	2 00
R B Ricketts	2 00	H J McHenry	2 00
Miss Lei Hartzell	2 00	John V McHenry	2 00
John Moore	2 00	Wm L Harner	2 00
Thomas Kilker	2 00	I K Appleman	2 00
S Rarp	2 00	G W Hill	2 00
William Ash	3 00	Elias Yost	2 00
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Wm T Hartzel	2 00	John Vanskoick	2 00
Wm M Bride & Son	2 00	John Boston	2 00
Wm Coman	2 00	Ira Pursel	2 00
Hiram J Reeder	2 00	Wm Johnson	2 00
H Rosenstock	2 00	S L Moore	2 00
Wm Robbins	2 00	John W Dilts	2 00
T M Cox	2 00	Geo Dilts	2 00
David R Albertson	2 00	Joseph O Hess	2 00
Wm Thomas	2 00	Ezekiel Cole	2 00
Wm H Hess	2 00	Philip Dilts	2 00
Benj Kistler	2 00	David E Hayman	2 00
J K Brugler	2 00	Benjamin Milner	2 00
Peter Brugler	1 08	Adam Hill	2 00
David B Wagner	2 00	Leo Hess	2 00
Wm Girton	2 00	Samuel McHenry	2 10
Abijah Hess	2 00	Clarance H Clark	1 50
W B Cramer	2 00		

MARRIAGES.

IVEY—REECE—On Dec. 25th, by Rev. A. S. Bowman, Mr. William H. Ivey and Miss Clara J. Reece, both of Hemlock township.

ROSELL—DOTY—Dec. 12th, in Orangeville, by Rev. N. Spear, Mr. Lewis W. Roselle of Benton, to Miss Lizzie Doty of Fishingcreek.

GEIGER—HERTZEL—On the 21st inst., by Rev. Wm. J. Eyer, Mr. William Geiger, to Miss Jane Hertzel, both of Main township.

STRAUSSER—STRAUSSER—On the 26th inst., by the same, Mr. Moses Strausser, to Miss Rubecna Strausser, both of Roaring Creek twp.

REICHERT—BILLIG—On the same day, by the same, Mr. Francis Reichert to Miss Sarah Billig, both of Locust township.

DEATHS.

KLINE—In Orange, Dec. 19th., Mrs. Fanny Kline, aged 24 years, 9 months and 12 days.

KELLER—December 19, 1871, near Mifflinville, at the residence of his father, Thomas Keller, aged 21 years, 10 months and 23 days.

MARKET REPORTS.

Bloomsburg Market.

Wheat per bushel	$1 40
Rye "	1 00
Corn "	80
Oats, "	60
Flour per barrel	8 00
Cloverseed	8 00
Flaxseed	1 50
Butter	35
Eggs	30
Tallow	10
Potatoes	1 00
Dried Apples	10
Hams	17
Sides and Shoulders	12
Lard per pound	16
Hay per ton	16 00

THE GREAT PICTORIAL ANNUAL.—Hostetter's United States Almanack for 1872, for distribution, *gratis*, throughout the United States, and all civilized countries of the Western Hemisphere, will be published about the first of January, in the English, German, French, Norwegian, Welsh, Swedish, Holland, Bohemian and Spanish languages, and all who wish to understand the true philosophy of health should read and ponder the valuable suggestions it contains. In addition to an admirable medical treatise on the causes, prevention and cure of a great variety of diseases, it embraces a large amount of information interesting to the merchant, the mechanic, the miner, the farmer, the planter, and professional man; and the calculations have been made for such meridians and latitudes as are most suitable for a correct and comprehensive National Calendar.

The nature, uses, and extraordinary sanitary effects of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the staple tonic and alterative of more than half the Christian world, are fully set forth in its pages, which are also interspersed with pictorial illustrations, valuable recipes for the household and farm, humorous anecdotes, and other instructive and amusing reading matter, original and selected. Among the annuals to appear with the opening of the year, this will be one of the most useful, and *may be had for the asking*. The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburgh, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood. The Bitters are sold in every city, town and village, and are extensively used throughout the entire civilized world.

RIODE FOUNTAIN PENS for sale cheap at this Office.

LOCAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.—The N E. Pa. Branch Office of the CONTINENTAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York has been removed to Bloomsburg, Col co. Pa. Agents and others interested will please direct their letters, &c., to Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa. EDW'D L. JONES has charge of the Wilkes-Barre agency.

LUDWIG & BROCKWAY
General Agents.

HENRY ZUPPINGER, Main Street, West Bloomsburg, is a successful operator on old and new Gold Watches.

SPECTACLES with all kinds of lenses and frames at HENRY ZUPPINGER'S establishment Main Street, West Bloomsburg.

IF your horse is lame, sore or galled, you should use JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT; wash the part with castile soap and warm water, rub dry, with a clean cloth, then apply the Liniment, rub in well with the hand.

HAVE the readers of the COLUMBIAN ever used any of PARSON'S PURGATIVE PILLS? If not, why not? they are the best family physic, besides being the greatest anti-bilious remedy there is in the country.

SMALL POX PREVENTIVE FOR THE SMALL SUM OF TEN CENTS, AT MOYER BROS. n51.

FOR RENT.—A neat and convenient Store House, situate on corner of Main and Market streets, in the town of Mifflinville. Possession given April 1st, 1872. Apply to

JOSEPH MOSTELLER, Mifflinville.

I. W. HARTMAN has Green, Brown, Lead, Wine and Black French Merinos for 90c to $1.25.

C. C. MARR has a new lot of Child's Misses' and Ladies' SHOES cheap.

I. W. HARTMAN has sold 40 sets of White Ware since last January and expects to sell 10 more before the coming January. Who will be the next? Price $4.50, $4.75, $4.00 and $4.25.

C. C. MARR has a fine lot of HATS and CAPS Cheap for cash.

I. W. HARTMAN is selling all his FANCY SHAWLS at a great reduction. Go and see them.

THE place to buy GLASSWARE and WHITE DISHES cheap is at I. W. HARTMAN'S.

THE greatest Stock of Goods in the County to be sold in December, January and February, call at I. W. HARTMAN'S.

SPLENDID One and Two Seated SLEIGHS for sale at LOW & ROBINS, at Orangeville, at very low prices. LOW & ROBINS.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!—Josh Billings says the best time to set a hen is when the hen is ready. The best time to replenish your coal bin is now. The price is as low as it has been for a long time. Call on J. J. CLEMENTS at the Columbian Iron Works, and order a supply. His new switch from off the L. & B., R. R. is finished.

LOOK here, John, I will tell you (but you must keep it a secret) where you can get a nice Christmas present for your wife cheap, at I. W. HARTMAN'S cheap cash store.

PERSONS who have become thoroughly chilled from any cause, may have their circulation at once restored by taking into the stomach a teaspoonful of JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT mixed in a little cold water, well sweetened.

EVERY farmer who owns a good stock of horses cattle and sheep, and intends to keep them through the winter, should get at once a good stock of SHERIDAN'S CAVALRY CONDITION POWDERS. One dollars worth will save at least a half ton of hay.

THE people come from Franklin, Locust, Madison, Hemlock, Centre, Orange, Fishingcreek and all the other townships in the county to buy I. W. HARTMAN'S cheap goods for cash.

SINGERS New Family Sewing Machines—ten dollars cash—balance in monthly installments. J. A. DORAN, Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa. no 26-1

WE would advise all that want good Furniture to go to G. W. CORRELL, he has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of Furniture which he will sell cheaper than ever for cash or ready pay. His motto is quick sales and small profits.

THE statements made by dealers in other machines, that they sell New Singer Sewing Machines is not true. The Singer Manufactory supply no machines in Columbia county, except to their authorized agent, J. A. DORAN. no.36-tf

CLARK & WOLF have an assortment of goods now that would be a credit to any town or store in the State. Even their lengthy advertise ment can not do justice to the subject. It is well worth the time to call and see the goods and how cheap they can be sold.

WINTER is now fairly upon us, and the teams are hastening to the lumber woods in various parts of the country. Our advise to every man who goes to the woods, be captain, cook, teamster, or any other man, is to take along a good stock of JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT and PARSON'S PURGATIVE PILLS. Many months of labor (in the aggregate) may be saved by this precaution.

BAD enough to look and feel bad yours elf; but no excuse for having your horse look and feel badly, when for a small sum you can buy SHERIDAN'S CAVALRY CONDITION POWDERS, which given in grain two or three times a week, will make him look and feel well.

A GENERAL assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS and STATIONARY, wholesale and retail at A. D. WEBB'S Book Store, opposite the Court House. Miscellaneous books, portmonaies, stereoscopic pictures, games, picture-books, blank-books of all kinds, etc., etc. n38-tf.

A NEW and elegant assortment of fall and winter goods has just been received by S. H. MILLER & SON, which they offer at very low prices. Also all articles usually kept in a dry goods store. Their friends and the public are invited to call and examine them.

FOUL EVILS.—Whoever habitually uses any alcoholic preparations as an "appetizer" will be likely to suffer from four evils, viz: an overplus of food in the stomach, impaired ability to digest it, the pangs of dyspepsia, and a doctor's bill. DR. WALKER'S VEGETABLE VINEGAR BITTERS the great Teetotal Restorative of the age, without over stimulating the palate or irritating the stomach, imparts a healthful appetite, promotes digestion, regulates the liver and bowels, purifies the blood, and thus, instead of entailing four evils, confers four inestimable benefits.

ONE OR THE OTHER IS SURE.—Here are two medicines—"Hoffandts German Bitters," and "Hoofland's German Tonic." If you are Dyspeptic, Billious, or all of them, one of these peerless Vegetable Specifics will, assuredly, effect a cure. If you are in doubt which one to take, try each alternately. Adopt the one which operates most beneficially. Neither can harm you. Possibly, it may be best to take each in turn. One or the other, or both, can be guaranteed to work a perfect cure. Sold by all Druggists.

TO THOSE WHO ARE BOWED DOWN by nervous Debility, and despair of ever recovering the vigor and ardor of manhood we earnestly recommend DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS. Before they have finished the first bottle, they will feel the restorative principle at work in every portion of their broken-down systems and hope will spring up in their hearts. No case of Dyspepsia Billousness, Intermittent Fever, Rheumatism, Gout or kidney disease, can resist this unequalled vegetable tonic which is unpolluted by any distilled or fermented liquor. n50 sw.

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BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY!
BERWICK, PENN'A.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the Citizens of Berwick, and vicinity, that he has opened a Confectionery and Bakery in

ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

Berwick, Pa., where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS
ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS
&c., &c., &c., &c.

BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Among the assortment will be found Cream Nuts, English Walnuts, Peanuts, Almonds, Filberts, Figs, Apples, Cocoa Nuts, Jellies of different kinds, Mustard, Catsup, Pickles, Chocolate, Canned Fruit of all kinds, Corn Starch, Egg Biscuit, Soda Crackers, Oyster Crackers, Cheese, Soap, Writing Paper, Agreement Papers, Envelopes,

FISH AND OYSTERS,

And produce of all kinds. Fresh Bread and Cakes every day. Ice Cream in Season. Your patronage is solicited. JOHN G. JACOBY.

Berwick, Jan 1'71—tf

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Dr. O. A. MOGARGEL, Secretary.
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THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION
The primary cause of Consumption is derangement of the digestive organs. This derangement produces deficient nutrition and assimilation. By assimilation I mean that process by which the nutriment of the food is converted into blood, and thence into the solids of the body. Persons with digestion thus impaired, having the slightest predisposition to pulmonary disease, or if they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the Lungs in some of its forms; and I hold that it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucous and slime, which is clogging these organs so that they cannot perform their functions, and then rouse up and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose the surest and best remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clear out the liver of all diseased bile that has accumulated there, and rouse it up to a new and healthy action, by which natural and healthy bile is secreted.
The stomach, bowels, and liver are thus cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills; but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, the organ is torpid and the appetite poor. In the bowels the lacteals are weak, and requiring strength and support. It is in a condition like this that Schenck's Seaweed Tonic proves to be the most valuable remedy ever discovered. It is alkaline, and its use will neutralize an excess of acidity in the stomach, sweeten and freshen it, will give permanent tone to this important organ, and create a good, hearty appetite, and prepare the system for the first process of a good digestion, and ultimately make good, healthy living blood. After this preparatory treatment, what remains to cure most cases of Consumption is the free and persevering use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. The Pulmonic syrup nourishes the system, purifies the blood, and is readily absorbed into the circulation, and thence distributed to the diseased lungs. There it ripens and morbid matters, whether in the form of abscesses or tubercles, and then assists Nature to expel all the diseased matter, in the form of easy expectoration, when once it ripens. It is then, by the great healing and purifying properties of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, that all ulcers and abscesses are healed up sound, and my patient is cured.
The essential thing to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good appetite and a good digestion, so that the body will grow in flesh and get strong. If a person has diseased lungs, —a cavity or abscess there,—the cavity cannot heal, the matter cannot ripen, so long as the system is below par. What is necessary to cure is a new order of things,—a good appetite, a good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get fat; then Nature is helped, the cavities will heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in its quantities, and the person regain strength. This is the true and only plan to cure Consumption, and if a person is very sick, if the lungs are not yet fully destroyed, or even if one lung is entirely gone, if there is enough vitality left in the other to heal up, there is hope.
I have seen many persons cured with only one sound lung, live and enjoy life to a good old age. This is what Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to clear the system of all the disease that is in the lungs, whatever the form may be.
It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold; keep in-doors in cool and damp weather; avoid night air, and take out-door exercise only in a genial and warm sunshine.
I will distinctly understood that when I recommend a patient to be careful in regard to taking cold, while using my Medicines, I do so for a special reason. A man who has not partially recovers from the effects of a bad cold is far more liable to a relapse than one who has safely passed it entirely cured; and it is precisely the same in regard to Consumption. So long as the lungs are not perfectly healed, just so long is there imminent danger of a full return of the disease. Another fact is that I so strenuously caution pulmonary patients against exposing themselves to an atmosphere that is not genial and pleasant. Confirmed Consumptives' lungs are a mass of sores, which the least change of atmosphere will inflame. The grand secret of my success with my Medicines consists in my ability to subdue inflammation instead of provoking it, as many of the faculty do. An inflamed lung cannot, with safety to the patient, be exposed to the biting blasts of Winter or the chilling winds of Spring or Autumn. It should be carefully shielded from all irritating influences. The utmost caution should be observed in this particular. Without it a cure under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.
The person should be kept on a wholesome and nutritious diet, and the Medicines assimilate so much the body has restored to it the natural quantity of flesh and strength.
I was myself cured by this treatment of the worst kind of Consumption, and have lived to get fat and hearty these many years, with one lung mostly gone. I have cured thousands since and very many have been cured by this treatment whom I have never seen.
About the First of October I expect to take possession of my new building, at the Northeast Corner of Sixth and Arch Streets, where I shall be pleased to give advice to all who may require it.
Full directions accompany all my Remedies, so that a person in any part of the world can be readily cured by a strict observance of the same.
J. H. SCHENCK,

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To Debilitated Persons,
To Dyspeptics,
To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,
To those having no Appetite,
To those with Broken Down Constitutions,
To Nervous people,
To Children Wasting Away,
To any with Debilitated Digestive Organs,

Or suffering with any of the following Symptoms, which indicate Disordered Liver or Stomach,

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Flattering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and dull pain in the head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

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A Bitters without Alcohol or Spirits of any kind,

Is different from all others. It is composed of the pure Juices, or *Vital Principle of Roots, Herbs,* and *Barks,* (or as medicinally termed Extracts,) the worthless or inert portions of the ingredients not being used. Therefore in one Bottle of this Bitters there is contained as much medicinal virtue as will be found in several gallons of ordinary mixtures. The Roots, &c., used in this Bitters are grown in Germany, their vital principles extracted in that country by a scientific Chemist, and forwarded to the manufactory in this city, where they are compounded and bottled. Containing no spirituous ingredients, this Bitters is free from the objections urged against all others; no desire for stimulants can be induced from their use, they cannot make drunkards, and cannot under any circumstances, have any but a beneficial effect.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Was compounded for those not inclined to extreme bitters, and is intended for use in cases where some alcoholic stimulant is required in connection with the Tonic properties of the Bitters. Each bottle of the Tonic contains one bottle of the Bitters, combined with pure SANTA CRUZ RUM, and is flavored in such a manner that the extreme bitterness of the bitters is overcome, forming a preparation highly agreeable and pleasant to the palate, and containing the medicinal virtues of the Bitters. The price of the Tonic is $1.50 per Bottle which many persons think too high. They must take into consideration that the stimulant used is guaranteed to be of a pure quality. A poor article could be furnished at a cheaper price, but is it not better to pay a little more and have a good article? A medicinal preparation should contain none but the best ingredients; and they who expect to obtain a cheap compound, and be benefited by it will most certainly be cheated.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

OR

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

WITH

HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN PILL,

WILL CURE YOU.

They are the Greatest

BLOOD PURIFIERS

Known to the Medical world, and will eradicate diseases arising from impure blood, Debility of the Digestive Organs, or diseased Liver, in a shorter time than any other known remedies.

The whole SUPREME COURT of Pennsylvania SPEAK FOR THESE REMEDIES.

Who would ask for more Dignified and Stronger Testimony?

Hon. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, *former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, a present Member of Congress from Pennsylvania writes:*

PHILADELPHIA, March 16th, 1857.

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GEORGE W. WOODWARD.

Hon. JAMES THOMSON, *Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.*

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1857.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMSON.

Hon. GEORGE SHARSWOOD, *Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.*

PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1868.

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GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

Hon. Wm. F. Rogers, *Mayor of the City of Buffalo, N. Y.*

Mayor's Office, Buffalo, June 22, 1869.

I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters and Tonic" in my family during the past year, and can recommend them as an excellent tonic, imparting tone and vigor to the system. Their use has been productive of decidedly beneficial effects. WM. F. ROGERS.

Hon. James M. Wood, *Ex-Mayor of Williamsport Pa.*

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HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

Will Cure every case of

MARASMUS,

Or Wasting away of the Body.

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HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES

Are the medicines you require to purify the Blood, excite the torpid Liver to healthy action, and to enable you to pass safely through any hardships or exposure.

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In cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and extreme costiveness, Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic should be used in connection with the Pills. The tonic effect of the Bitters or Tonic builds up the system. The Bitters or Tonic purifies the Blood, strengthens the Nerves, REGULATES the Liver, and gives strength, energy and vigor.

Keep your Bowels active with the Pills, and tone up the system with Bitters or Tonic, and no disease can retain the hold, or even assail you.

Recollect that it is DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN Remedies that are so universally used and highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggist to induce you to take anything that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it.

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These Remedies are for sale by Druggists Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers everywhere

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On and after Nov. 27, 1871, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

	Going North. Arrive	Arrive	Going South Leave	Leave
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
Scranton	9.40	1.14	1.45	10.03
Pittston	8.18	11.52	2.11	10.35
Kingston & W.Barre }	8.30	12 31	2.33	11.00
Plymouth	8.15	12.23	2.49	
Shickshinny	7.30	12.00	3.18	
Berwick	7.23	11.39	3.34	
Bloom	8.05	11.14	3.57	
Danville		10.50	4.27	
"	6.30	"	Harrisburg,	7.05 p. m.
"	7.30	"	Baltimore,	12.00 noon
"	1.25	"	Philadelphia,	9.45 a. m
"	2.35	"	Lancaster,	11.35 "
"	5.05	"	Reading,	
"	6.55	"	Pottsville,	
"	5.30	"	Philadelphia,	8.15 "
"	1.25	"	Baltimore,	7.05 p. m.
"	2.35	"	Washington,	8.00 "
"	5.05	"	Harrisburg,	10.40 a.m.
"	6.55	"	Pittsburg,	7.45 p. m.
"	5.30	"	Erie,	7.00 "
"	2.35	"	Rochester,	4.25 "
"	5.05	"	Buffalo,	6.30 "
"	6.55	"	Niagara Falls,	9.00 "
"	5.30	"	Dunkirk,	8.00 "
"	2.35	"	Elmira,	1.00 "
"	5.05	"	Williamsport,	4.00 "
"	6.55	"	Lock Haven,	5.40 "
"	5.30	"	Renovo,	7.00 "
"	2.35	"	Harrisburg,	10.40 "
"	5.05	"	Pittsburg,	7.45 "
"	6.55	"	Erie,	7.00 "
"	5.30	"	Rochester,	4.25 "
"	2.35	"	Buffalo,	6.30 "
"	5.05	"	Niagara Falls,	9.00 "
"	6.55	"	Dunkirk,	8.00 "
"	5.30	"	Elmira,	1.00 "
"	2.35	"	Williamsport,	4.00 "
"	5.05	"	Lock Haven,	5.40 "
"	6.55	"	Renovo,	7.00 "
"	5.30	"	Harrisburg,	10.40 "
"	2.35	"	Pittsburg,	7.45 "
"	5.05	"	Erie,	7.00 "
"	6.55	"	Rochester,	4.25 "
"	5.30	"	Buffalo,	6.30 "
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